

Using resources

REVIEW

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- 1 a Explain the difference between a finite and a renewable resource.
 - b Ethanol can be obtained from sugar by fermentation and from the reaction between ethene and steam. Explain which of these two processes is more sustainable.
- 2 The diagram below shows the main steps in the treatment of water to give potable water.



- a i Describe what is happening at A.
 - ii State what is added at C and explain why it is added.
 - iii Explain why the water at D is not fit to drink.
 - iv Describe the process taking place at E and explain why it is important.
- b List two ways by which potable water is obtained from seawater.
- c Potable water is not pure water.
 - i Outline how you could show that potable water contains dissolved impurities.
 - ii Describe a physical test which could be used to show pure water has been made.
- d When waste water is treated the sludge formed after settlement is digested anaerobically.
 - a Define the term anaerobic.
 - b List two useful products from anaerobic digestion.

- a Explain what is meant by the following three terms when applied to the extraction of copper:
 - i smelting

from the solution.

ii phytomining

- iii bioleaching.b You are given a solution of copper(II) sulfate. Give two ways you would obtain pure copper
- 4 a Explain the term life cycle assessment.
 - **b** List the four stages in the product's lifetime that are analysed for their impact on the environment.
- 5 The diagram to the right shows the arrangement of polymer chains in a thermosetting polymer.



- a Explain why this type of polymer does not melt.
- b Explain why this type of polymer is a good choice for making electrical plugs.
- 6 a Write the chemical equation for the formation of ammonia in the Haber process.
 - b What are the conditions used in the Haber process?
 - c Explain why a high pressure is used in the Haber process.
 - d List three compounds that would be found in an NPK fertiliser.